



3 March 1966

OCI No. 1153/66 Copy No.

## INTELLIGENCE MEMORANDUM

CABINET CRISIS LIKELY SOON IN PERU

## DIRECTORATE OF INTELLIGENCE Office of Current Intelligence

**SECRET** 

GROUP 1
Excluded from automotic
downgrading and
declossification

## WARNING

This Document contains information affecting the National Defense of the United States, within the meaning of Title 18, Sections 793 and 794, of the U.S. Code, as amended. Its transmission or revelation of its contents to or receipt by an unauthorized person is prohibited by law. The reproduction of this form is prohibited.

OCI No. 1153/66

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY Office of Current Intelligence 3 March 1966

INTELLIGENCE MEMORANDUM

Cabinet Crisis Likely Soon in Peru

## SUMMARY

There is a strong possibility that Peru will experience a full-blown cabinet crisis when the Congress reconvenes in mid-March. Opposition congressmen, who dominate the legislative body, are threatening censure of the education minister, and the cabinet has served notice publicly that it will resign en masse if his censure is voted. Congressional censure of cabinet ministers has occurred frequently during President Belaunde's administration, mainly because it has been adopted by the opposition APRA party as the primary means of political attack on the government.

25X1

25X1

25X1

- The basis for the impending crisis is an increasingly bitter rivalry between the executive branch and the Congress, or, in terms of political groupings, between Belaunde's AP and the powerful APRA party. Repeatedly denied executive office because of the traditional enmity of the Peruvian armed forces, APRA is using the legislative branch as its vehicle for exerting influence. Since the Belaunde government took office in July 1963, APRA has striven to elevate the prestige and importance of Congress at the expense of the presidency. Thus, APRA and its coalition partner UNO have been extremely sensitive to every slight by the administration -real or imagined -- to the Congress. Their attempt to assert congressional authority or to strike back at the executive has taken the form of ministerial censure--an action requiring a majority vote and which, according to constitutional law, forces the censured minister to resign his office.
- 3. APRA further justifies the application of congressional censure by charging that AP ministers have used their authority for partisan political purposes. AP ministers have, in fact, worked through their offices to build and strengthen the youthful AP party, and the present AP cabinet ministers are expecially active in their party roles. Naturally jealous of its own status as Peru's largest massbased party, APRA hotly resents any action by a government official which might accrue to the advantage of AP. (APRA would be certain, however, to use the same techniques to strengthen its own party organization if it were in power.)

4. The current situation has been building since September 1965. At that time, a new cabinet was appointed following the refusal of former prime minister Schwalb to appear before congress for inter-

25X1

25X1

-2-

25X1

Approved For Release 2004/07/16: CIA RDP79T00826A000400010027-2

25X1

pellation.

Approved For Release 2004/67/16: OR - RD 79Τ00826Δ000400010027-2	25X1
	25X1
APRA is planning to censure the minister of education when Congress reconvenes in mid-March. In that event, the ministers reportedly have agreed to re-	a de
sign en masse  Their decision to resign has been made public.	25X1
5. Congressional censure of a cabinet minister has occurred five times during the life of the Belaunde administration. Additional ministerial	-
changes have been made to ward off the threat of censure. Belaunde finally moved to reduce harassment of the controversial ministries of education	-
and government in 1964 by appointing military men to these posts. Until replaced later by civilians, the military ministers served without undue atten-	-
tion from opposition congressmen, who recognized that they represented not only the government but also the untouchable prestige of the Peruvian military	-
establishment.	25X1
	-
	*
	-

25X1

25X1

\_3\_

TAT

Approved For Release 2004/07/16 : CIA-RDP79T00826A000400010027-2

**Next 4 Page(s) In Document Exempt**